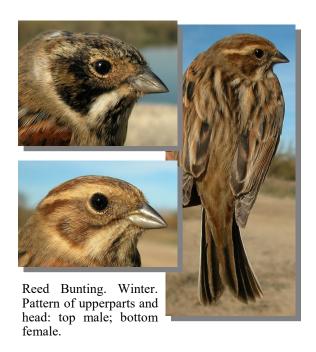


# **COMMON REED BUNTING** (Emberiza schoeniclus)

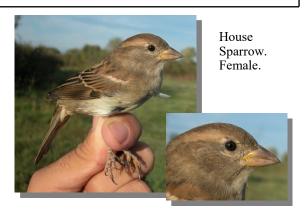
#### **IDENTIFICATION**

13-16 cm. Late **winter**, **male** with head and throat black and wide white band around neck. **Male** in **autumn/early winter** and **female** with head chestnut-reddish, supercilium and moutache buff; throat whitish. Bill grey and outer tail feathers white.



### SIMILAR SPECIES

Male in breeding plumage unmistakable. Male in winter and female recall that of a female House Sparrow which lacks white on



#### SEXING

Male in spring with black head and throat. In autumn/winter, there are males with a plumage pattern similar to that of females, but recognizable by having a white band on nape, grey rump and black on base of neck and crown feathers with rounded pattern; wear of feathers on the head will make the breeding pattern of male appear throughout the winter. Female without (or quite hidden) white band on nape; brownish rump; base of neck feathers without black patch; base of crown feathers black-grey with pointed pattern. CAUTION: it is necessary to lift feathers from the crown and throat to appreciate their pattern. Some females have much white on neck and greyish rump.





Reed Bunting. Winter. Sexing. Pattern of head: top male; bottom female.





Reed Bunting. Winter. Sexing. Pattern of base of crown feathers: left male; right female.

### AGEING

This species doesn't breed in Aragon, so only 2 types of age can be recognized:

**1st year autumn/2nd year winter** with moult limits between tertials or between tertials and secondaries; tail feathers with pointed tips due to wear; usually pale flight feathers.

Adult with fresh wing feathers, without moult limits; tail feathers fresh and with rounded tips; usually dark flight feathers.

**CAUTION:** some birds moult all tail feathers in their **postjuvenile** moult, so fresh and rounded feathers no necessary suggest an **adult** bird.





Reed Bunting. Winter. Sexing. Pattern of base of throat feathers: left male; right female.





Reed Bunting. Winter. Sexing. Pattern of nape: left male; right female.





Reed Bunting. Winter. Ageing. Wear of tail feathers: left adult; right 1st year.

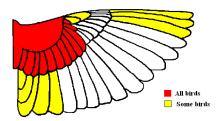




Reed Bunting. Winter. Sexing. Pattern of rump: left male; right female.

#### **MOULT**

Complete **postbreeding** moult, usually finished in October. Partial **postjuvenile** moult involving body feathers, lesser, median and all greater coverts; some birds moult tertials, all tail feathers and some flight feathers; usually finished in October.



Reed Bunting. Extent of postjuvenile moult.



Reed Bunting. Autumn. Weared male (19-X).

### **PHENOLOGY**

I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII

#### STATUS IN ARAGON

Winter visitor. Widely distributed thorughout marshlands and riversides from the Region,



Reed Bunting. Female (19-X).



Reed Bunting. Outumn. Male poorly weared (21-X).



Reed Bunting. Pattern of base of crown feathers: top male (20-X); bottom female (20-X).





Reed Bunting. Pattern of base of neck feathers: left male (20-X); right female (20-X).







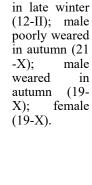




Reed Bunting. Head pattern. From top to bottom: male in late winter (12-II); male poorly weared in autumn (21-X); male weared in autumn (19-X); female (19-X).





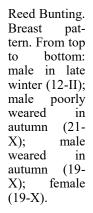


Reed Bunting. Nape pattern. From top to bottom: male























Reed Bunting. Female. Pattern of rump and upperpart (19-X).



Reed Bunting. Tail wear: left adult (20-X); right 1st year (20-X).



Reed Bunting. 1st year. Male: pattern of wing (29-X).



Reed Bunting. Adult. Male: pattern of wing (21-X).



Reed Bunting. 1st year. Female: pattern of wing (19 -X).



Reed Bunting. Adult. Female: pattern of wing (21-X).