

Cetti's Warbler. Spring. Adult (17-V).

CETTI'S WARBLER (*Cettia cetti*)

IDENTIFICATION

13-14 cm. Rufous olive upperparts; whitish underparts; whitish line over the eye: rounded tail with only 10 feathers.





Cetti's Warbler. Pattern of head, undertail coverts and number of tail coverts.

SIMILAR SPECIES

Recalls a **Reed Warbler** or a **Savi's Warbler** but has only 10 tail feathers and not 12.





SEXING

Plumage of both sexes alike. Size allows sexing most of the birds: in **Aragon**, **male** with wing longer than 59 mm; **female** with wing shorter than 55 mm (**CAUTION**: size of the species varies depending on its geographical location).

AGEING

3 age groups can be recognized:

Juvenile resembles adult, with fresh plumage; tongue with two dark spots, some birds until December; tail feathers narrow; iris dark grey.

1st year autumn/2nd year spring with moult limit within moulted greater coverts, with broader edges, and the **juvenile** retained, with narrow and dull brown edges; primary coverts are always unmoulted; unmoulted **juvenile** tail feathers narrow; some birds maintain **juvenile** undertail coverts, with different colour and pattern from the moulted ones. **CAUTION:** if all greater coverts have been moulted, then moult limit is within tertials or between tertials and flight feathers.

Adult with wing without moult limits; tail fea -thers wide; iris reddish.

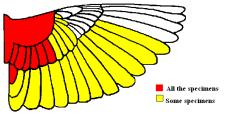


Cetti's Warbler. Ageing. Colour of iris: top adult; bottom juvenile





Cetti's Warbler. Ageing. Width of tail feathers: left adult; right juvenile



Cetti's Warbler. Extent of postjuveni le moult.

MOULT

Complete **postbreeding** moult, usually finished in September. Partial **postjuvenile** moult involving body feathers, lesser and median coverts, most of the inner greater coverts and some tertial; some specimens may moult all greater coverts and a variable number of flight feathers, but primary coverts are always retained; usually finished in September. Both age groups may have a **prebreeding** moult changing body feathers, wing coverts and some tertial.

PHENOLOGY



STATUS IN ARAGON

Resident. Widely distributed throughout Region in places with dense waterside vegetation.



Cetti's Warbler. Spring. 2nd year (14-V).



Cetti's Warbler. Spring. Juvenile (24-VI).





Cetti's Warbler.
Spring. Head pattern and iris colour: top adult (17 -V); middle 2nd year (14-V); bottom juvenile (24-VI)







Cetti's Warbler. Spring. Breast pattern: top left adult (17-V); top right 2nd year (14-V); left juvenile (24-VI)









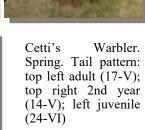
Cetti's Warbler. Spring. Upperpart pattern: top left adult (17-V); top right 2nd year (14-V); left juvenile (24-VI)



Cetti's Warbler. Spring. Pattern of undertail coverts: top adult (17-V); middle 2nd year (14-V); bottom juvenile (24-VI)











Cetti's Warbler. Spring. Adult: pattern of wing (17-V).

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Cetti's Warbler. Spring. 2nd year: pattern of wing (14-V).



Cetti's Warbler. Autumn. 1st year (16-X).



Cetti's Warbler. Spring. Juvenile: pattern of wing (24-VI).





Cetti's Warbler. Autumn. Head pattern and iris colour: top adult (20-XII); bottom 1st year (16-X).



Cetti's Warbler. Autumn. Adult (20-XII).









Cetti's Warbler. Autumn. Upperpart pattern: left adult (20-XII); right 1st year (16-X).



Cetti's Warbler.
Autumn.
Pattern of undertail coverts: top adult (20-XII); bottom 1st year (16-X).







Cetti's Warbler. Autumn. Tail pattern: left adult (20-XII); right 1st year (16-X).



Cetti's Warbler. Autumn. Adult: pattern of wing(20-XII).



Cetti's Warbler. Autumn. 1st year: pattern of wing (25-VII).