

Turtle Dove. Adult. Female (22-VI).

EUROPEAN TURTLE **DOVE** (Streptopelia turtur)

IDENTIFICATION

26-29 cm. Pale brown upperparts, more grey on the rump; grey and blue-pinkish underparts; wing coverts fringed rufous with black centre; black tail with white edges; grey head and neck; black and white collar on neck; reddish iris and legs.

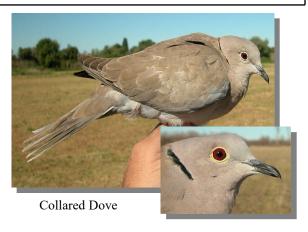


Tórtola común. Pattern of head and upperparts.



SIMILAR SPECIES

Similar in size to **Collared Dove**, which has a different collar pattern and wing coverts without rufous fringes.



SEXING

Male with intense bluish grey crown and nape; salmon pink breast. Female with grey crown tipped sandy brown; buff grey forehead; brown nape with the same colour than mantle; pinkish breast tinged buff (CAUTION: some birds cannot be sexed since these differences are not always evident). Juveniles cannot be sexed using plumage pattern.





Turtle Dove. Sexing. Pattern of head: top male; bottom female.





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Turtle Dove. Sexing. Pattern of nape: left male; right female.





Turtle Dove. Sexing. Pattern of crown: left male; right female.









Turtle Dove. Sexing. Pattern of breast: left male; right female.



AGEING

3 age groups can be recognized:

Juvenile with lesser and median coverts rufous grey with pale terminal fringes; coverts under alula with brown-rufous tips; neck without black and white collar; pale grey or pinkish legs; brown iris.

2nd year only if some **juvenile** secondary or primary retained, shorter and browner than neighbouring feathers; sometimes with some coverts under alula with brown-rufous tips.

Adult with lesser and median coverts black with rufous fringes; bluish coverts under alula without buff tips; flight feathers with the same age; neck with black and white collar; orange legs; orange red iris.



Turtle Dove. Ageing. Pattern of wing coverts: top adult; bottom juvenile.





Turtle Dove. Ageing. Colour of legs: left adult; right juvenile.







Turtle Dove. Ageing. Pattern of coverts under alula: top adult; middle 2nd year; bottom juvenile.



Turtle Dove. Adult. Male (07-VI).



Turtle Dove . Juvenile (14-VII).

MOULT

Complete **postbreeding** and **postjuvenile** moults, starting between August and September (some **adults** in July), usually suspended before migration and finished in wintering sites. Some **juvenile** birds can retain wing coverts under alula and some central secondaries and/or primaries.

PHENOLOGY



STATUS IN ARAGON

Summer visitor. Widely distributed throughout the Region, absent only from the most deforested areas of the Pyrenees and the Ebro Basin.







Turtle Dove. Head pattern and iris colour: top male (07-VI); middle female (22-VI); bottom juvenile (14-VII).





Turtle Dove. Legs pattern: left adult (21-V); right juvenile (29-VII).









Turtle Dove. Breast pattern: top left male (21-V); top right female (21-V); left juvenile (14-VII)..



Turtle Dove. Crown pattern: top left male (07-VI); top right female (21 -V); left juvenile (29-VII).



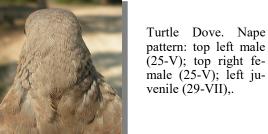
right juvenile (24-VII).













Turtle Dove. Adult: pattern of coverts under alula (25-V).



Turtle Dove. 2nd year: pattern of coverts under alula (12-VII).



Turtle Dove. Juvenile: pattern of coverts under alula (29-VII).



Turtle Dove. Adult: pattern of secondaries (25-V).



Turtle Dove. 2nd year: pattern of secondaries (1 juvenile feather) (14-VII).



Turtle Dove. Juvenile: pattern of secondaries (14-VII).



Turtle Dove. Adult: pattern of wing (25-V).



Turtle Dove. 2nd year: pattern of wing (1 juvenile feather) (14-VII).



Turtle Dove. Juvenile: pattern of wing (14-VII).